

# THE EVENING BULLETIN.

VOLUME XIV.

MAYSVILLE, KY., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1894.

NUMBER 11.

## KOLB IS BARRED OUT

Representative Knight's Bill Passes the Legislature.

### USURPERS TO BE PUNISHED.

Populist Manning Explains His Vote and Warns the Members of Approaching Danger—Governor Oates' Message to the Legislature—An Interview With Kolb on the Present State of Affairs.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Dec. 6.—The bill of Representative Knight to punish usurpers of state offices came up in the house yesterday, and was passed by a strictly party vote.

Representative Manning, the well known Populist leader, in explaining his vote, said: "I warn the members on the other side of the house that it is a long lane that has no turn, and I warn them not to longer dash the red flag of insult, added to injury, in the face of a now outraged public opinion of the common people. We can not provide punishment for usurpers with consistency till we have a fair election law and an honest contest law by which we can determine who the usurper is."

### KOLB INTERVIEWED.

All He Asks Is a Fair and Impartial Investigation of Frauds.

NASHVILLE, Dec. 6.—The American correspondent at Montgomery, Ala., was given the following interview with Kolb:

"My address to the legislature and the people of Alabama means just what it says, and it speaks for itself. If the legislature will heed our demands for a fair and honest contest law, as stated in my address, it will be satisfactory to all our people and to myself. All we ask is a fair and impartial investigation of the frauds committed in the last election, and if such investigation will show that Colonel Oates received even one majority of the votes that were cast, I will be satisfied, and will recognize him as governor.

"We have ample testimony in the shape of sworn evidence to prove that I received a large majority of the votes cast in our August election, and we ask the legislature to give us an opportunity to prove this fact to the world.

"If the legislature should refuse this act of justice by not passing a contest law, then the responsibility will rest on their heads.

"My friends peacefully submitted to the usurpation two years ago in the hope that it would not again be repeated in the election of 1894."

### GOVERNOR OATES' MESSAGE.

Recommendations Made to the State Legislature.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Dec. 6.—Governor Oates transmitted a voluminous message to the legislature yesterday. He recommends an increase of half a mill in the rate of taxation, improved methods for the assessment of taxes, a higher liquor and gaming table license, an appropriation for a state exhibit at the Atlanta exposition; favors farming university lands with convicts, not on account of the state but for the benefit of the university; recommends a contest law and the election of state and national officers on the same day, and that each political party shall have the right to nominate one inspector of election; urges a state banking system based on a deposit with the state treasurer of lawful money of the United States or solvent bonds of United States or state, county or municipal corporations. He alludes to the powers of the railroad commission as being only those of police regulation and impotent to remedy many complaints brought before it.

### NEGRO DESPERADOES.

A Concealed Plan to Waylay and Rob Railroad Employes.

VALDOSTA, Ga., Dec. 6.—Tuesday night three negroes went to the house of Mr. C. Williamson at Dasher station, five miles below here, and commanded him to throw up his hands. Williamson stood dazed for a moment before the muzzle of a Winchester rifle, but grabbed a revolver which was lying on his mantel, and opened fire on the intruders. They, in turn, began firing back, and a lively fusillade followed.

Finally the negroes left the house and met three other negroes a mile or two away. They were ordered to throw up their hands, but one of them drew his pistol and shot one of the highwaymen down. The wounded negro was brought here and is confined in jail, where he will die. Another of the gang gave himself up yesterday and both confessed a concealed plan of waylaying the railroad workmen and robbing them. The most desperate of the negroes is still at large. One thousand dollars reward is offered for his arrest.

Bailiff Malden of Brooks county was shot down at a church in that county on Sunday night by a desperate negro without any cause, and it is said that Wild Bill is implicated in that killing.

### Millionaire Mine Owner Ill.

MICHIGAN CITY, Ind., Dec. 6.—H. A. Chapin, the millionaire mine owner of Niles, Mich., has been taken suddenly and critically ill here. Mr. Chapin is 51 years old. He owns the big Chapin mine in the northern peninsula of Michigan, and is reputed to be the wealthiest man in southwestern Michigan.

### Two Men Injured.

NEW CASTLE, Colo., Dec. 6.—At the Vulcan mine yesterday, while John McManus and John Hensler were working in a cross-cut, an explosion of a missed shot occurred, dangerously injuring both men.

### INFIRMARY STATISTICS.

Fit Subject For Careful Study by Ohio Citizens.

INDIANAPOLIS, Dec. 6.—The 50 leading surgeons in the employ of the Big Four railroad systems met in this city yesterday and perfected an organization whose purpose will be to establish a chain of hospitals for the company's employes. The hospitals are to be maintained by monthly assessments of the employes, according to the salaries received by them. Officers were elected and Dr. H. J. Ford of Wabash is to be general superintendent of the hospitals. Dr. Ford said that the plan had proved successful over 100,000 miles of road. A revenue of about \$40,000 yearly will be raised, and if this amount does not cover the expenses of the hospitals the railroad company will make up the deficiency.

It is proposed to erect three hospitals, the largest to be in this city, and work will begin on it the first of the year. The sites for the other two have not as yet been decided upon. A dispensary will be established at Brightwood. The men will be taken care of, no matter for how long, if they are employed by the Big Four company.

### MODERN PRESS ASSOCIATION.

H. Howard Paramore Comes in Conflict With Uncle Sam.

CHICAGO, Dec. 6.—Orders were received at the postoffice yesterday that will practically deprive H. Howard Paramore and his "Modern Press Association" of the use of the mails. Mr. Paramore has been doing a profitable business for some time in making newspaper correspondents. His scheme has been to get up a directory which is to be furnished to the managing editors of all newspapers for guidance in selecting correspondents when required. From the registration fee Paramore has been growing rich.

The money orders that have been presented at the postoffice caused the department to look up his business. Postmaster Hering yesterday received an order from Postmaster General Bissell to refuse to cash any money order made payable to the Modern Press association or H. Howard Paramore, and to return all mail addressed to the concern to the sender with the indorsement that the concern was a fraudulent one.

### CRUSADE ON GAMBLING.

Evangelists and a Reformed Gambler Laboring in Terre Haute.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Dec. 6.—Evangelist E. F. Goff, secretary of the international Anti-Gambling association; Rev. W. G. Clarke, its president, and J. P. Quinn, a reformed gambler and confidence man, have opened a crusade on gambling in this city. The association was organized in Chicago about two months ago.

The party travel in their own private car, which they call "Good Cheer," and arrived Tuesday from Chicago. The car is handsomely fitted up. The railroad companies pass the car free. A series of meetings will be held here in the churches. Quinn, during his address, uses gambling implements, and introduces his prison outfit. The party will visit all the leading cities in an effort to crush the gambling evil. This is their first stop.

### Dazed by a Pistol Shot.

LAWRENCEBURG, Ind., Dec. 6.—Joseph Greeley, colored, employed as a porter at the Stevenson House, made himself offensive to guests and was reprimanded by Major Feeney, the landlord. An insolent reply brought on a crisis, and, as the landlord advanced toward his employe, the latter named drew a razor to meet the attack. Major Feeney then used his revolver, firing one shot, which grazed Greeley's skull, and so dazed him, that he ran headlong from the hotel and plunged into the icy flood of the Ohio river. The cold dash brought him to his senses, and he swam ashore and surrendered to the police.

### Driven Insane by Injuries.

LOGANSPORT, Ind., Dec. 6.—Late yesterday afternoon suit was filed in the Cass circuit court wherein Daniel Fetro demands \$10,000 damages from William Powell, Jr. Plaintiff was terribly injured Dec. 19, 1892, in a runaway accident, which, he alleges, was due to defendant's negligence. For over two months he lay unconscious and then became a raving maniac. He was but recently released from Longcliff hospital, where he has been taking treatment ever since. He is still in a critical condition. Both parties to the suit are among the county's most prominent and wealthiest citizens.

### Mail Pouch Stolen.

AKRON, O., Dec. 6.—The private mail pouch of the Globe Sign company, containing money orders and drafts to the amount of several hundred dollars, was stolen from the lobby of the postoffice last night. The company's plan is in the extreme South End, and it has been customary to bring the outgoing mail to the postoffice each evening in a private pouch, which a streetcar conductor threw into the postoffice. A great many South End people left their mail at the Globe office, and many of them are also losers.

### Rebels Active.

SYDNEY, N. S. W., Dec. 6.—Advices received here from Apia, Samoa, show that the native rebels are displaying much activity. They have announced their intention to attack Apia. The British warship Wallaroo is lying in Apia harbor.

### Constable Shot.

CELL, Ga., Dec. 6.—Tip Mauldin, constable, while attempting to arrest a negro named Jeffries, was shot through the neck, and has since died. The murderer was arrested.

## GERMANY'S LATEST.

She Will Bar Out Our Cottonseed Oil.

### A BIG INCREASE IN THE DUTY.

It Will Be Raised 250 Per Cent in the Near Future—It Also Strikes at Oleomargarine—A Traffic War Begun That May Greatly Affect Both Countries—A Message Sent to Congress.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—Germany has taken the initial step toward curtailing the importation of another American product in the proposition now before the bundsrath to enormously increase the duty on cottonseed oil. The proposition to increase the present duty, which is \$1. to \$2.50, equivalent to a duty of 250 per cent, and as the proposition is supported by the combined agrarian and protectionist industrial parties, there can be little doubt that it will succeed.

The subject is treated at length in a report to the state department by United States Consul Merritt at Bremen. He says that in future cottonseed oil and oil nuts and seeds will pay a high duty. The raising of the duty is supported by the report that its use for food purposes rose from 142,000 pounds in 1885 to over 600,000 pounds in 1893. By means of simple processes of refining cottonseed oil can be turned into sweet oil, and is used to a great extent in the manufacture of artificial butter and also for the preservation of fish.

"All this means, in good German," says the consul, "not only to strike at cottonseed oil, but means to strike at oleomargarine. If officially drugged so as to be unfit for transformation into food, the oil will be admitted at a much lower rate. The result will be a considerable rise in the price of the material for the manufacture of oleomargarine, for unlike our American manufacturers, the Germans have not succeeded in producing the oil from the seed fit for food purposes."

The consul marks the progress of this traffic war in the following significant paragraph: "I had hoped to be able to report that there was a sincere desire on the part of the German people to join the people of the United States in a mutual effort for the extension of the commerce of both countries, but the foregoing, together with recent edict against American beef, would indicate to a certain extent a different attitude in this country toward the enlargement of sales of American beef."

### DISCRIMINATION AGAINST SUGAR.

The President Sends Another Message to Congress.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—The president has sent to congress the statement of the German contention in reference to the discrimination against the importation in the United States of German sugar, to which reference was made in his annual message to congress. The statement is in the form of a letter from Secretary Gresham to the president. In substance this is a recital of the German protest made Aug. 25, last, against the additional duty of one-tenth of a cent per pound, imposed by the Wilson act on sugars imported from bounty paying countries.

The secretary refers with some length to the negotiations between this country and Great Britain, about 1841, relative to rice importation in which the United States then assumed a position, finally conceded by Great Britain to be correct, very similar to that now taken by Germany in the case of sugar, and in fact the discrimination in the present instance is even more pointedly at variance with the treaty stipulations.

The secretary holds that payment of a bounty on exported products can not be considered in the light of a discrimination, certainly not more so than the imposition of a protective or practically prohibitive duty on the importation of an article. The two measures are the same in principle; the question as to which shall be adopted is a matter of domestic policy.

Each is intended to create a national advantage in production or manufacture, and as between the two, the bounty is more favorable to the inhabitants of foreign countries, since it tends to enable them to get cheaper articles at the expense of the bounty paying government.

In conclusion, the secretary says that the additional duty levied on bounty paying sugar by the act of 1894 is a discrimination, that it is an attempt to offset a domestic favor or encouragement to a certain industry by the very means forbidden by the treaty. He assumes, however, that the German government does not claim that the treaty (made with Prussia in 1828) affords any just ground for protest against additional duties on sugars not shown to be the produce or manufacture of Prussia.

### Investing in Indiana Lands.

LOGANSPORT, Ind., Dec. 6.—Cass county, and Boone township in particular, is enjoying one of the biggest booms in farming property in its history. Within the past three months over 5,000 acres have been sold about here and the country is still overrun with land seekers. The majority of the prospective purchasers come from central Illinois. They say that they can sell their farms there for \$75 per acre and come here and buy soil that will raise just as much for \$50 per acre.

### Body Stolen.

ELYRIA, O., Dec. 6.—The body of Walter Nye, buried at Middle Ridge, has been stolen since last Thursday, and Cleveland medical colleges will be searched.

### FIVE CHILDREN POISONED.

Four of Them Dead, but the Other May Recover.

GALVESTON, Dec. 6.—The sensation of the hour here is the poisoning of five of her children, by Mrs. Louis Alberti. Willie, aged 4 years; Dora, aged 6 years; Lizzie, aged 8 years, and Della, aged 10 years, are dead, but Emma, aged 16 years, is still alive and hopes are entertained for her recovery.

The scene at the once happy home was agonizingly sorrowful. Louis Alberti, the father, and his 14-year-old daughter, Wilhelmina, the only ones who escaped—the poisoned wine given by the demented mother, were overcome with grief when the house was visited.

While this scene was being enacted at the house, Mrs. Alberti was placidly sitting in her cell. When told that some of the children were dead, she said: "I wanted to kill them, I have been ill for the last eight months and know that I could not fill my obligations to my babies. They are better off."

About eight months ago Mr. Alberti lost a little child, and since then, at times, she has acted queerly, but no one thought she meditated the frightful deed that she has committed. Her husband is prosperous, and she was surrounded with every comfort. She will be tried for insanity.

### REICHSTAG OPENED.

Radicals Furious at William's Action. Parliament's Modest Part.

BERLIN, Dec. 6.—Emperor William, wearing a British uniform, visited the Prince of Wales and the Duke of York Wednesday morning, and the two latter afterward returned his majesty's visit an hour later. They then started for England.

After the departure of the Prince of Wales and the Duke of York, Emperor William donned a Prussian uniform and prepared to open the reichstag.

The radicals are furious that the monarch does not come to the parliament, but, that instead, his majesty must go to the castle for the ceremony. This course of his majesty, says the Freisinnige Zeitung, shows how modest a part parliamentarism holds in Germany.

The session of the reichstag was opened at noon in the Rittersaal of the castle instead of in the usual White Hall, which is being renovated.

Emperor William, in person, read his speech from the throne.

### TRYING TO STEAL ADA REHAN.

A Well Laid Plan of Chicago Rogues Baffled Just in Time.

CHICAGO, Dec. 6.—The silver statue of the actress, Ada Rehan, is under guard of half a dozen detectives as the result of the discovery of a plot to steal the valuable image. The statue has been on exhibition at a retail store and recently a man representing himself as an employe of the Montana Silver Statue company, owners of the statue, called at the store and secured the address of the night watchman.

Tuesday night after closing hours the man presented to the night watchman an order signed by the Montana company saying that General Manager Higbee of the company was dead, and asked that the statue be delivered to the bearer. The watchman refused to honor the order despite the man's protests, and the detectives who are working on the case claim that a well planned conspiracy has been laid to steal the statue and melt it down.

### The Anti-Diphtheritic Work.

KANSAS CITY, Dec. 6.—Local physicians are enthusiastic over the results of using anti-toxins, the new diphtheria remedy, a quantity of which has been received here, and put upon its merits. Two doses of the serum were given to an infant child having an advanced case of diphtheria, and in one day's time the child was pronounced out of danger. Another case, that of a youth who had been ill nine days with the disease, has shown like results, the patient nearly being cured after two doses had been administered. Further experiments are being made.

### Another Insurance Mystery.

TOPEKA, Dec. 6.—W. N. Nicholls of Valley Falls is authority for the statement that John W. Hillmon, who was supposed to have been killed in 1875, shortly after taking out a heavy insurance on his life, is still alive. It is claimed that Hillmon has been found in a little town near Tucson, A. T. Nicholls further claims to have knowledge that Hillmon was not the man who was killed at Medicine Lodge, Kan., in 1878. Nicholls is on his way to Tucson to identify Hillmon.

### Bank Wrecker Found Guilty.

COLUMBIA CITY, Ind., Dec. 6.—The trial of Thompson Arnold, for conspiracy and false pretenses by means of which patrons of the South Whitley bank lost \$90,000, closed and the jury returned a verdict of guilty, fixing the penalty at one year in the penitentiary and a fine of \$2,500. A motion for a new trial is pending and in the meantime Arnold is out on bail.

### Swindler Arrested.

CHICAGO, Dec. 6.—Michael Hoban, who is wanted in Milwaukee for alleged swindling, was arrested here yesterday. Hoban, it is said, operated under the name of J. H. Molrose, and anybody who would send him \$50 would be made president of a fictitious land company. It is estimated that he made about \$50,000 while working this game in Milwaukee.

### Miners Fatally Injured.

FLORENCE, Colo., Dec. 6.—Three men, Joe Care, James Care and Charles Zandano, were fatally injured yesterday by falling coal in No. 1 mine of the Canon City Coal company at Rockvale.

## ARMENIA'S DISTRESS

England Blamed For the Outrages Perpetrated There.

### ANOTHER MASSACRE REPORTED.

Six Thousand Victims of a Recent March of Turkish Troops—Twenty-Five Villages Entirely Destroyed and the Inhabitants Killed—A Letter Giving Details of the Latest Outrage.

LONDON, Dec. 6.—Dr. G. Thounmanian, formerly a professor at the American college at Marsovan, has received a letter from an Armenian, now at Constantinople, giving still further particulars regarding the Turkish atrocities in Armenia. The name of the writer is withheld for prudential reasons. The letter relates, in detail, the situation of affairs, and lays the chief blame upon England, which power, he says, poses as Armenia's protector.

The writer says: "In the neighborhood of Moosh, the inhabitants of 25 Armenian villages have been ruthlessly massacred and their houses have been burned down and destroyed at the hands of the Hamidje cavalry, the great favorite regiment of the sultan. The victims number 6,000. Besides that, the inhabitants of two or three villages were compelled to embrace Mohammedanism.

"Alas, it is an authentic fact which all the embassies know well, that all this was done with the sultan's knowledge. Two days ago the Turkish official papers announced that the sultan had presented new golden flags to the Hamidje cavalry.

"The details of the barbarities will probably not be believed in England. But, my brother, they have opened the wombs of the pregnant alive and have pulled out the babes, and hanging them on their spears, organized triumphant processions. The news is well known here, though none dare speak of it.

"I began this letter on the 6th of November and was suddenly obliged to hide it for several days because the government was causing our houses to be searched."

### THIRD ENCOUNTER.

Further Fighting Between Turks and Armenians at Eudokia.

LONDON, Dec. 6.—A dispatch to The Times from Vienna says that The Echo, an Armenian paper published at Tiflis, in discussing the fighting in the Sassoun district, states that the governor of Moosh sent troops to aid the Kurds against the Armenians. The latter were victorious.

The governor, finding that nothing could be attained by the use of force, offered the Armenians peace and freedom from taxation. This offer induced the Armenian chiefs to visit the governor. Thereupon the governor seized and executed them.

The paper mentioned, without giving the date, that there has been further fighting in the Moosh district and that a third encounter between Turks and Armenians has taken place at Eudokia.

### Russian Forces on the Frontier.

LONDON, Dec. 6.—An Odessa dispatch to The Times records a large increase in the Russian forces along the Turkish frontier. This is supposed to account for the disturbed state of Armenia.

### ARMISTICE ARRANGED.

China Has Ten Days in Which to Arrange Peace.

SHANGHAI, Dec. 6.—It is stated here that a 10 days' armistice has been arranged between China and Japan. It is said that the terms of peace, which are still under negotiation, are to include an indemnity and the formation of another state, consisting of the country now held by the Japanese.

China now fears the winter more than Japan, as the supplies of rice have been kept back too long.

### Our Gunboats There.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—Admiral Carpenter yesterday cabled notice of the arrival of the United States steamship Baltimore at Che-Poo to the navy department. It is assumed that she will proceed at once to Taku at the mouth of the P'ie Ho river, which is as near as he can get to Peking, where he will probably be met by the Monocacy from Tientsin and transport marines to the latter vessel which will then return to Tientsin.

The Detroit arrived yesterday at Gibraltar. She will proceed in a day or two to Naples to deliver the Columbian relics loaned by the pope to the United States for the Chicago fair.

### FIGHT WITH OUTLAWS.

A Deputy United States Marshal Shot and Mortally Wounded.

TULSA, I. T., Dec. 6.—A fight occurred between Deputy Marshal William Neil and posse and Buz Luckey and Tom Boots, Creek Indians, and William Smith, a Cherokee negro, at the cabin of Lizzie Lola, 12 miles southeast of this place yesterday. The outlaws were hidden in a haystack, and the marshals, supposing them to be in the house, surrounding it, thus placing themselves at a disadvantage. La Force, a deputy, was shot through the body and mortally wounded. The outlaws escaped, and the deputies, after being reinforced by Heck Thomas and posse, are now in pursuit.

These men are supposed to be a part of the gang that held up the Missouri, Kansas and Texas train at Blackstone, near Muskogee, some time ago, and possibly are connected with the Cook gang.